

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

1. Identification			
Product identifier	HYDRO-STONE® Gypsum Cements		
Other means of identification			
SDS number	5200000012		
Additional Products	HYDRO-STONE® TB Gypsum Cement, HYDRO-STONE® LF, HYDRO-STONE® DL, HYDRO-STONE® HD Cement, HYDRO-STONE® SDCT, HYDRO-STONE® Super Fast Set, HYDRO-STONE® ME Special Gypsum Cement, HYDRO-STONE® DL Plus Smoke, HYDROSTONE® QR Gypsum Cement, HYDROSTONE® QR Plus Gypsum Cement		
Synonyms	Statuary		
Recommended use	Statuary or anchoring cement.		
Recommended restrictions	Use in accordance with manufacturer's recom	imendations.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information			
Company name Address	United States Gypsum Company 550 West Adams Street Chicago, Illinois 60661-3637		
Telephone Website Emergency phone number	1-800-874-4968 www.usg.com 1-800-507-8899		
2. Hazard(s) identification			
Physical hazards	Not classified.		
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2	
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1	
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.		
Label elements			
Signal word	Danger		
Hazard statement	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage.		
Precautionary statement			
Prevention	Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.		
Response	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.		
Storage	Store as indicated in Section 7.		
Disposal	Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.		
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.		

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name			
Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1)	26499-65-0	> 95	
Portland Cement	65997-15-1	< 5	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	< 1	
Composition comments	All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas.		
4. First-aid measures			
nhalation	Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing and difficulties in injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medi symptoms persist.		
Skin contact	Contact with wet or dry product: Wash area with cold running water immediately cuts should be thoroughly flushed and covered with suitable dressings.	. Open sores or	
Eye contact	Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occu assistance.	rs, get medical	
ngestion	Plaster of Paris hardens and if ingested may result in stomach and intestinal blo gelatin solutions or large volumes of water may delay setting.	ockage. Drinking	
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing. May cause serious chemical burns to the skin. May cause chemical eye burns. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.		
ndication of immediate medical attention and special reatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.		
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved.		
5. Fire-fighting measures			
Suitable extinguishing media	Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Not applicable.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Not a fire hazard.		
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precauti the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing m case of fire.		
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved	I materials.	
Specific methods	Cool material exposed to heat with water spray and remove it if no risk is involve	ed.	
6. Accidental release meas	sures		
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.		
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Vacuum up the spilled material. Vacuums used for this purpose should be equip filters. Containers must be labeled. Collect in approved containers and seal sec disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.		
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems.		
7. Handling and storage			
Precautions for safe handling	Do not get in eyes and avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wear appropriate p equipment (See Section 8). Avoid inhalation of dust. Minimize dust production w opening and closing bags. Use with adequate dust control and local ventilation. NIOSH respirator when ventilation is inadequate and occupational exposure lim Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use a non-alkaline soap such as Neutra or Mason's Hand Rinse.	when mixing, or Wear appropria its are exceeded	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materia with acids, water, and moisture.	lls. Avoid contac	

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Portland Cement (CAS	PEL	15 mg/m3 5 mg/m3	Total dust. Respirable fraction.
65997-15-1)		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFF	R 1910.1000)		
Components	Туре	Value	
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)	TWA	50 mppcf	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit	Values		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to	Chemical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
Portland Cement (CAS	TWA	10 mg/m3 5 mg/m3	Total Respirable.
65997-15-1)	IWA	10 mg/m3	Total
ogical limit values	No biological exposure limits noted	u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u	Total
ropriate engineering trols	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s). Provide sufficient ventilation for operations causing dust formation. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimize the risk of exposure.		
vidual protection measures,	such as personal protective equip	ment	
Eye/face protection	Wear approved safety goggles.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistan	t gloves.	
Other	Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended.		
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator as needed to control exposure. Consult with respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use, and limitations. Use positive pressure, air-supplied respirator for uncontrolled releases or when air purifying respirator limitations may be exceeded. Follow respirator protection program requirements (OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2) for all respirator		
	for uncontrolled releases or when a	ir purifying respirator limitations	

During work avoid kneeling in fresh mortar or concrete wherever possible. If kneeling is absolutely necessary, then appropriate waterproof personal protective equipment must be worn. Do not eat, drink or smoke when working with cement to avoid contact with skin or mouth. Immediately after working with cement or cement-containing materials, workers should wash or shower. Remove contaminated clothing, footwear, watches, etc, and clean thoroughly before re-use.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical	

, appearance	
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Powder.
Color	White to off-white.
Odor	Low to no odor.
Odor threshold	Not applicable.
рН	6 - 12
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable. Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not applicable.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or expl	osive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	Not applicable.
Vapor density	Not applicable.
Relative density	2.96 (H2O=1)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	0.15 - 0.4 g/100 g (H2O)
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	2642 °F (1450 °C)
Viscosity	Not applicable.
Other information	
Bulk density	55 - 70 lb/ft³
Particle size	Varies.
VOC (Weight %)	0 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Not available.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials. Exposure to moisture. When mixed with water this product can become very hot. Encasing or making moulds of any body part can cause serious burns that may require surgical removal of affected tissue and even amputation of encased body part.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Exposure to water and acids must be supervised because the reactions are vigorous and produce large amounts of heat.
Hazardous decomposition products	Calcium oxides. Sulfur oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

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Inhalation	Inhalation of dusts may cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	Exposure to dry product may cause drying of the skin and mild irritation, or more significant effects from the aggravation of other conditions. Wet product is caustic ($pH \ge 12$) and dermal exposure may cause more severe skin effects, including thickening, cracking or fissuring of the skin. Prolonged exposure can cause severe skin damage in the form of chemical (caustic) burns. Some individuals who are exposed to wet or dry product may exhibit an allergic response, which can result in symptoms ranging from mild rashes to severe skin ulcers.
Eye contact	Exposure to airborne dust may cause immediate or delayed irritation of the eyes. Depending on the level of exposure, effects may range from redness to chemical burns and blindness.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause irritation and stomach discomfort.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Dust may irritate eyes and mucous membranes of the nose, throat and upper respiratory system causing sneezing and/or coughing. May cause serious chemical burns to the skin. May cause chemical eye burns. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.
Information on toxicological effe	ects
Acute toxicity	Not expected to be a hazard under normal conditions of intended use.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes severe eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	
Respiratory sensitization	Not classified but possible due to skin sensitization effect.
Skin sensitization	Trace amounts of Cr(VI) compounds from Portland Cement may cause allergic skin reaction even after one exposure.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity	Titanium Dioxide is listed by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). This listing is based on inadequate evidence of carcinogenicity in humans and sufficient evidence in experimental animals.
IARC Monographs. Overall E	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13 OSHA Specifically Regulated Not listed.	463-67-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. d Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
Reproductive toxicity	Not expected to be a reproductive hazard.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	No data available, but none expected.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	No data available, but none expected.
Aspiration hazard	Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.
Chronic effects	Some individuals may exhibit eczema upon exposure to wet cement. The response may appear in a variety of forms ranging from a mild rash to severe dermatitis.
12. Ecological information	
Ecotoxicity	This product is not expected to produce significant ecotoxicity upon exposure to aquatic organisms and aquatic systems. Large amounts of the product may affect the pH-factor in water with possible risk of harmful effects to aquatic organisms.
Persistence and degradability	Calcium sulfate dissolves in water forming calcium and sulfate ions.
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is not expected.
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	None expected.
13. Disposal consideration	IS
Disposal instructions	Dispose in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Recycle responsibly.

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Local disposal regulations	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Hazardous waste code	Not regulated.

Waste from residues / unused Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. products

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. This product is a solid. Therefore, bulk transport is governed by IMSBC code.

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 (OSHA) and 8 CCR § 5194 (Cal/OSHA).

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

Hazard categories

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated. (SDWA)

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0) Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0) Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0) Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Not regulated.

US. California Proposition 65

This product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes
	mplies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s). components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory ac	dministered by the governing
16. Other information, inc	luding date of preparation or last revision	
Issue date	11-March-2015	
Revision date	11-March-2015	
Version #	02	
Further information	Plaster of Paris: Is classified as a hazardous substance but is generally of for routine use. When plaster of Paris is used responsibly it is not conside material. However, when mixed with water this product can become ver make a cast enclosing any part of the body. Encasing any body part can even amputation of the encased body part.	lered as a dangerous y hot. DO NOT attempt to
	Titanium dioxide: This product may contain titanium dioxide. The Internal Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that titanium dioxide is poss humans (Group 2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and suffic experimental animals. This conclusion relates to long-term inhalation exp concentrations of pigmentary (powdered) or ultrafine titanium dioxide. He exposure to primary particles of titanium dioxide is thought to occur durin which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints. The do not suggest an association between occupational exposure to titanium cancer (1). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygier designated this chemical as not classifiable as a human carcinogen (A4) Toxicology Program (NTP) has not listed this chemical in its report on car	sibly carcinogenic to cient evidence in posure to high owever, no significant ng the use of products in e available human studies m dioxide and risk for hists (ACGIH) has). The US National
	OSHA's "Preventing Skin Problems from Working with Portland Cement' guidance and can be downloaded at: https://www.osha.gov/dsg/guidanc	
	NFPA Ratings: Health: 2 Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0	
	Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Se	evere
NFPA ratings	200	
Disclaimer	This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed information should be used to make an independent determination of the workers and the environment.	